SALLIE MAE INVESTOR PRESENTATION FIRST QUARTER 2016



Forward-Looking Statements and Disclaimer

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The following information is current as of January 20, 2016 (unless otherwise noted) and should be read in connection with the press release of SLM Corporation (the "Company") announcing its financial results for the quarter and full year ended December 31, 2015 and subsequent reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

This Presentation contains "forward-looking" statements and information based on management's current expectations as of the date of this Presentation. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the Company's beliefs, opinions or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in Item 1A "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended Dec. 31, 2014 (filed with the SEC on Feb. 26, 2015) and subsequent filings with the SEC; increases in financing costs; limits on liquidity; increases in costs associated with compliance with laws and regulations; changes in accounting standards and the impact of related changes in significant accounting estimates; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which the Company is a party; credit risk associated with the Company's exposure to third parties, including counterparties to the Company's derivative transactions; and changes in the terms of education loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from new laws and the implementation of existing laws). The Company could also be affected by, among other things: changes in its funding costs and availability; reductions to its credit ratings; failures or breaches of its operating systems or infrastructure, including those of third-party vendors; damage to its reputation; failures to successfully implement cost-cutting and restructuring initiatives and adverse effects of such initiatives on the Company's business; risks associated with restructuring initiatives; changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of lenders, educational institutions, students and their families; changes in law and regulations with respect to the student lending business and financial institutions generally; changes in banking rules and regulations, including increased capital requirements; increased competition from banks and other consumer lenders; the creditworthiness of customers; changes in the general interest rate environment, including the rate relationships among relevant money-market instruments and those of earning assets versus funding arrangements; rates of prepayments on the loans made by the Company and its subsidiaries; changes in general economic conditions and the Company's ability to successfully effectuate any acquisitions; and other strategic initiatives. The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements also requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions, including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates or assumptions may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements contained in this Presentation are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this Presentation. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to conform such statements to actual results or changes in its expectations.

The Company reports financial results on a GAAP basis and also provides certain "Core Earnings" performance measures. The difference between the Company's "Core Earnings" and GAAP results for the periods presented were the unrealized, mark-to-market gains/losses on derivative contracts. These are recognized in GAAP, but not in "Core Earnings" results. The Company provides "Core Earnings" measures because this is what management uses when making management decisions regarding the Company's performance and the allocation of corporate resources. The Company's "Core Earnings" are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

For additional information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – GAAP Consolidated Earnings Summary-'Core Earnings'" in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 for a further discussion and the "Core Earnings' to GAAP Reconciliation" table in this Presentation for a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and "Core Earnings".

Disclaimer. A significant portion of the historical data relating to historical Smart Option Student Loan performance used to prepare certain of these materials was provided to the Company by Navient Corporation ("Navient") pursuant to a Data Sharing Agreement executed in connection with the Spin-Off (as hereinafter defined). Under the Data Sharing Agreement, Navient makes no representations or warranties to the Company concerning the accuracy and completeness of information that they provided. The Company and Sallie Mae Bank have not independently verified, and are not able to verify, the accuracy or completeness of the data provided under the agreement or of Navient's representations and warranties. Although we have no reason to believe that the data received from Navient and used to prepare the tabular and graphic presentations in this document as a whole is materially inaccurate or incomplete, and have assumed that the data provided by Navient under the Data Sharing Agreement as a whole to be materially accurate and complete, neither the Company nor any person on its behalf has independently verified the accuracy and completeness of such data.

Sallie Mae Brand



- #1 saving, planning and paying for education company with 40 years of leadership in the education lending market
- Top ranked brand: 6 out of 10 consumers of education finance recognize the Sallie Mae brand
- Industry leading market share in private education lending: 54% market share⁽¹⁾
- Over 2,400 actively managed university relationships across the U.S.
- Complementary consumer product offerings
- Over one million long-term engaged customers across the Sallie Mae brands

Sallie Mae Highlights

- Originated \$4.3 billion of high quality Private Education Loans in 2015 (+6% vs. 2014)
- Grew Private Education Loan portfolio 28% from 2014 to 2015
- Grew market share in 2014 and 2015 to 54%
- Generated earnings¹ of \$255 million in 2015, up 40% from 2014
- Completed \$1.5 billion of loan sales in 2015 at an average premium of approximately 9%
- Completed the first term funding securitization in the third quarter 2015
- Completed the transition of servicing platforms with the implementation of the originations platform in the summer of 2015

Sallie Mae Summary

- Leading private education loan franchise
- Conservative credit and funding
- Expanding consumer finance product suite

Strategic Overview Private Education Loan - Originator and Servicer

- Deposits -
- Upromise Rewards -
 - Credit Card -

Overview

Competitive

Advantage

Key Businesses

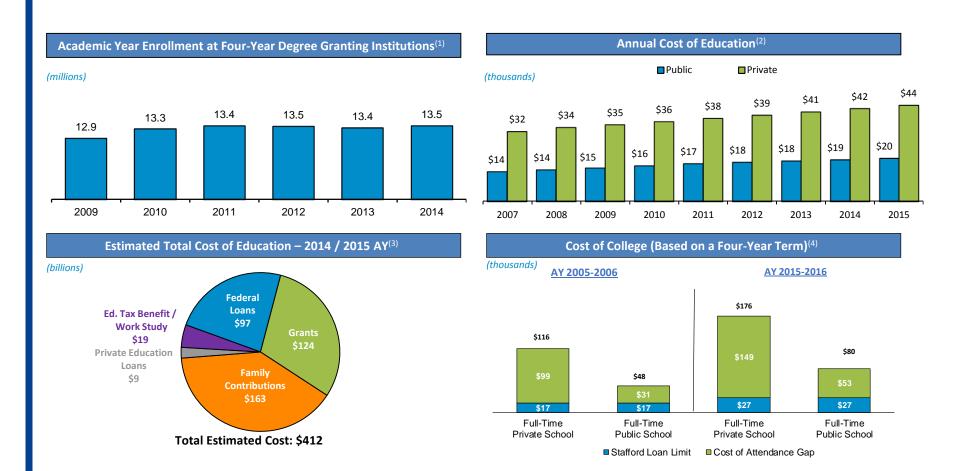
 National sales and marketing

- Largest salesforce in the industry
- Specialized underwriting capability
- Capital markets expertise

Balance Sheet (\$B as of 12/31/15)

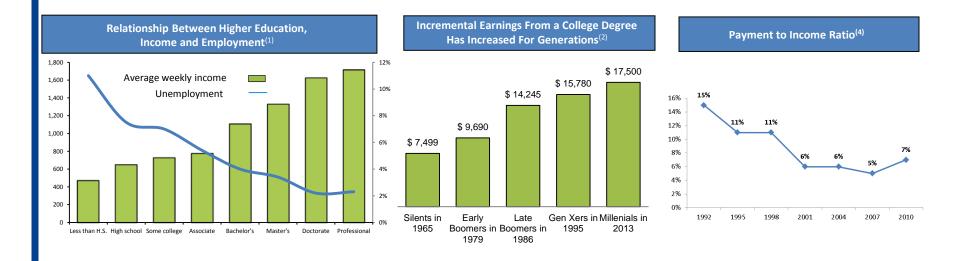
- Assets 15.2 -
- FFELP Loans 1.1 -
- Private Loans 10.5 -
 - Deposits 11.5 -
- Preferred Equity 0.6 -
- Common Equity 1.5 -

Favorable Student Loan Market Trends



- (1) Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 2022 (NCES, February 2014), Enrollment in Postsecondary Institutions
- (2) Source: Trends in College Pricing. © 2015 The College Board,. www.collegeboard.org, Note: Academic years, average published tuition, fees, room and board charges at four-year institutions; enrollment-weighted
- (3) Source: Total post-secondary education spend is estimated by Sallie Mae determining the full-time equivalents for both graduates and undergraduates and multiplying by the estimated total per person cost of attendance f or each school type. In doing so, we utilize information from the US Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 2022 (NCES 2014-, February 2014), The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), College Board -Trends in Student Pricing 2015. © 2015 The College Board. www.collegeboard.org, College Board -Trends in Student Pricing 2015. © 2015 The College Board. www.collegeboard.org, National Student Clearinghouse Term Enrollment Estimates and Company Analysis.Other sources for these data points also exist publicly and may vary from our computed estimates. NCES, IPEDS, and College Board restate their data annually, which may cause previously reported results to vary. We have also restated figures in our Company Analysis to standardize all costs of attendance to dollars not adjusted for inflation. This has a minimal impact on historically-stated numbers.
- (4) Source: Trends in College Pricing. © 2015 The College Board, www.collegeboard.org, U.S. Department of Education 2015

Higher Education Value Proposition



Key Statistics

- The unemployment rate for individuals 25 to 34 years-old with four-year college degrees was 2.4%, compared to 7.1% for high school graduates⁽¹⁾
- 64% of students graduate with student loans in AY 2014-2015⁽³⁾
- 67% of student loan borrowers have debt balances less than \$25,000 and 4% have balances above \$100,000 (average borrowings of \$26,700) (3)
- The average payment-to-income ratio declined from 15% in 1992 to 7% in 2010⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics- September 2015

⁽²⁾ Source: PEW Research Center- The Rising Cost of Not Going to College February 2014

⁽³⁾ Source: Trends in Student Aid. © 2015 The College Board, www.collegeboard.org, U.S. Department of Education 2015

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Brown Center on Education Policy at Brookings: Is a Student Loan Crisis on the Horizon -Released June 2014

Smart Option Overview

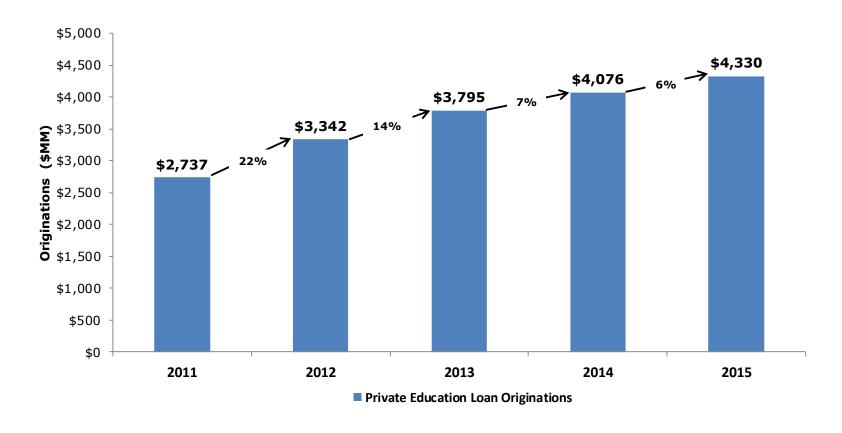
Product Features

- Offers three repayment options while in school, which include Interest Only, \$25
 Fixed Payment and Deferred Repayment
- Variable and Fixed Interest Rate Options
- All loans are certified by the school's financial aid office to ensure all proceeds are for educational expenses

Distribution Channels

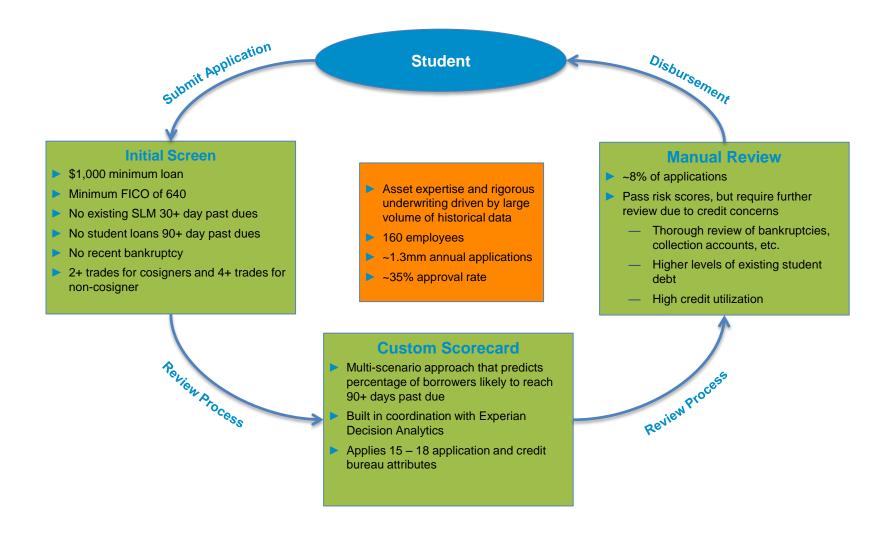
- Nationally recognized brand
- Largest national sales force in industry actively manages over 2,400 college relationships
- Represented on vast majority of college directed preferred lender lists
- Significant marketing experience to prospective customers through paid search, affiliates, display, direct mail and email
- Leverage low cost customer channels to contribute to significant serialization in following years
- Marketing and distribution through partnerships with banks, credit unions, resellers and membership organizations

High Quality Private Education Loan Originations Growth



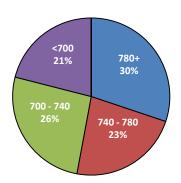
Originations Statistics (\$)	<u> 2011</u>	<u> 2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u> 2015</u>
% Cosigned	91%	90%	90%	90%	90%
% In School Payment	73%	58%	56%	56%	56%
Average Originated FICO	748	746	745	749	748

Analytical Approach to Credit



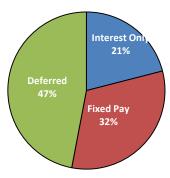
High Quality Private Education Portfolio

Customer FICO at Origination



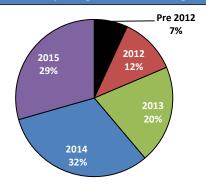
Weighted Average FICO: 746

Smart Option Payment Type



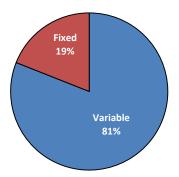
Smart Option Loans: \$10.2bn

Portfolio by Originations Vintage



Weighted Average Age of Loan: ~1.7 years

Portfolio Interest Rate Type



Conservative Funding Approach

Low cost deposit base with no branch overhead

- 80% of retail deposits are savings accounts
- Brokered deposits used as alternative funding source

Term funding / securitizations will augment deposit funding for future growth

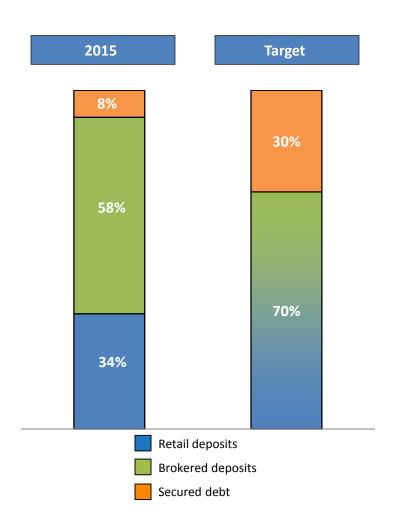
- Experienced capital markets team
- Capacity to securitize \$2 \$3bn of private education loans
- Raised \$623 million of term funding in the third quarter 2015

Multi-year revolving conduit facility

- Provides seasonal loan funding and backup liquidity
- Multi-year \$750mm conduit provided by consortium of banks

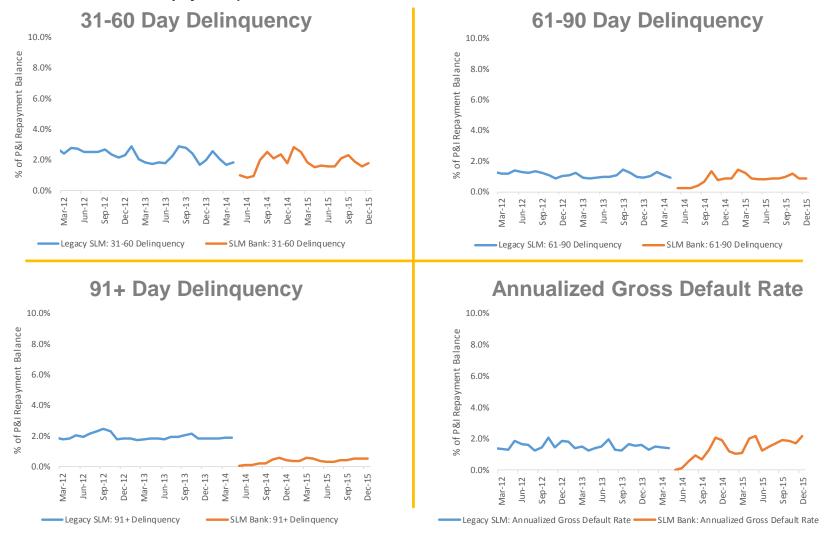
Substantial liquidity portfolio

— \$2.4bn of on-balance sheet cash as of 12/31/15



Delinquency and Default Performance

(As a % of Loans in P&I Repayment)(1),(2),(3)



As of 12/31/15

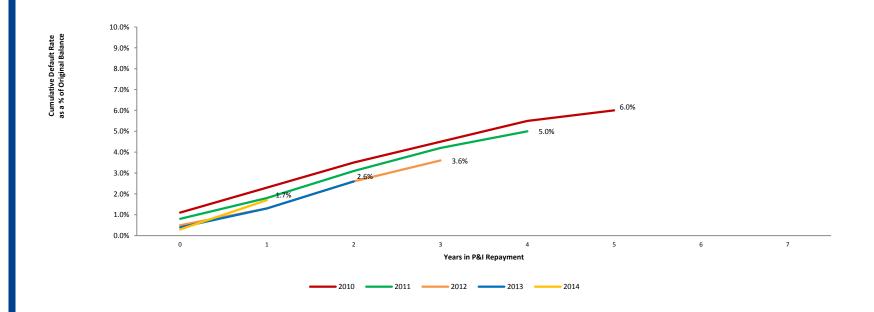
(1) For important information regarding historical performance data, see pages 19 and 20.

(2) Loans in 'P&I Repayment' include only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due. Legacy SLM portfolio serviced pursuant to a 212 day charge-off policy. Sallie Mae Bank portfolio serviced pursuant to a 120 day charge-off policy. Historical trends may not be indicative of future performance.

(3) Delinquency and Default rates are calculated as a percentage of loans in principal and interest (P&I) repayment.

Cumulative Defaults by P&I Repayment Vintage^{(1),(2),(3)}

Smart Option Cumulative Gross Defaults by P&I Repayment Vintage and Years in P&I Repayment



As of 12/31/15

⁽¹⁾ For important information regarding historical performance data, see pages 19 and 20.

⁽²⁾ Loans in 'P&I Repayment' include only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due. Legacy SLM and Navient portfolio serviced pursuant to a 212 day charge-off policy. Sallie Mae Bank portfolio serviced pursuant to a 120 day charge-off policy. Historical trends may not be indicative of future performance.

⁽³⁾Certain data used in the charts above was provided by Navient under a data sharing agreement. Sallie Mae Bank has not independently verified, and is not able to verify, the accuracy or completeness of the data provided under the agreement.

Financial Review

	(in millions)	<u>c</u>	Q4 2015	<u>Q</u>	4 2014	Va	ariance		2015		2014	Va	riance
	PSL	\$	10,624	\$	8,325	\$	2,299	\$	10,624	\$	8,325	\$	2,299
	PSL Reserve	•	(109)		(79)	•	(30)	1	(109)	,	(79)	,	(30)
	FFELP		1,119		1,268		(150)		1,119		1,268		(150)
							` '						, ,
	FFELP Reserve		(4)		(5)		2		(4)		(5)		2
	Total Loans		11,631		9,510		2,121		11,631		9,510		2,121
Sheet	Cash		2.416		2.360		56		2.416		2.360		56
يَ	All Other Assets		1,167		1,103		65		1,167		1,103		65
ဟ			,		,						,		
ce	Total Assets		15,214		12,972		2,242		15,214		12,972		2,242
Balance	Brokered Deposits		7,324		6,733		591		7,324		6,733		591
a	Retail Deposits		3,146		3,082		65		3,146		3,082		65
Ω	Other Liabilities		2,648		1,328		1,320		2,648		1,328		1,320
									-		-		
	Equity	_	2,096	_	1,830	_	266		2,096	_	1,830	_	266
	Total Liabilities & Equity	\$	15,214	\$	12,972	\$	2,242	\$	15,214	\$	12,972	\$	2,242
	PSL Reserve % of Balance (Gross)		1.03%		0.95%		0.08%		1.03%		0.95%		0.08%
	Interest Income	\$	222	\$	179	\$	44	\$	831	\$	674	\$	157
	Interest Expense		(35)		(28)		(7)		(129)		(96)		(33)
				_	151		37		702	_		_	124
	Net Interest Income before Provision		188								578		
	<u>Provision</u>	_	(30)	_	(30)		0	_	(90)	_	(85)	_	(5)
	NII After Provision		157		120		37		612		493		119
	Gain On Sale, net		58		0		58		135		121		14
<u> </u>	Fee Income		13		11		1		42		40		2
Je	Gain/(Loss) on Hedging Activities, net		1		1		Ö		5		(4)		9
든	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,												
Statement	Total Expenses	_	(85)	_	(88)		4	-	(356)		(316)		(39)
S	GAAP Pre-Tax Income	\$	145	\$	44	\$	101	\$	439	\$	334	\$	105
)e	Core Pre-Tax Income	\$	144	\$	44	\$	100	\$	437	\$	335	\$	102
Income	Solo i la lax moonis	•		٠		•		*	-101	•	000	•	.02
nc	GAAP Net Income	\$	90	\$	20	\$	70	\$	274	\$	194	\$	80
_	Core Earnings Adjustments		(0)		0		(0)		(1)		1		(2)
	Core Earnings Net Income	\$	90	\$	20	\$	70	\$	273	\$	195	\$	78
	Preferred Dividends		(5)		(5)		(0)		(20)		(13)		(7)
	GAAP Earnings Available	\$	85	\$	15	\$	70	\$	255	\$	181	\$	73
	Core Earnings Available	\$	85	\$	15	\$	70	\$	254	\$	182	\$	71
	TOTO Editings Available	Ψ	- 00	Ψ	13	Ψ	,,,	Ψ	237	Ψ	102	Ψ	
	ROA (Core)		2.5%		0.6%		1.9%		2.0%		1.7%		0.3%
S	ROCE (Core)		22.5%		4.7%		17.8%		18.3%		15.2%		3.1%
<u>:</u>	Total Risk Based Capital Ratio (Bank Only)		15.4%		15.9%		(0.5%)		15.4%		15.9%		(0.5%)
Metrics	Total Nisk Based Capital Natio (Bank Only)		10.7/0		10.070		(0.570)		10.7/0		10.070		(0.576)
Σ	CSEs		431		432		(1)		432		432		(0)
	Core Diluted EPS		\$0.20		\$0.03		\$0.16		\$0.59		\$0.42		\$0.16

- Private Education Loan portfolio growth of 28% in 2015 vs. 2014
- Conservatively funded with 15.4% risk based capital at the end of 2015
- Stable deposit base coupled with term funding from securitizations
- Full-year net interest margin of 5.48%
- ROCE (Core) and ROA (Core) in 2015 was 18% and 2%, respectively
- Diluted EPS growth of 40% for 2015 vs. 2014

Sallie Mae Bank

- Market share leader in private student loan industry
- High quality assets and conservatively funded balance sheet
- Predictable balance sheet growth for the next several years
- Strong capital position and funding capabilities
- A financial services company with high growth trajectory and excellent return on equity

Smart Option Student Loan Historical Performance Data Period ended December 31, 2015

Important Information Regarding Historical Loan Performance Data

On April 30, 2014 (the "Spin-Off Date"), the former SLM Corporation legally separated (the "Spin-Off") into two distinct publicly traded entities: an education loan management, servicing and asset recovery business called Navient Corporation ("Navient"), and a consumer banking business called SLM Corporation. SLM Corporation's primary operating subsidiary is Sallie Mae Bank. We sometimes refer to SLM Corporation, together with its subsidiaries and its affiliates, during the period prior to the Spin-Off as "legacy SLM."

In connection with the Spin-Off, all private education loans owned by legacy SLM, other than those owned by its Sallie Mae Bank subsidiary as of the date of the Spin-Off, and all private education loan asset-backed securities ("ABS") trusts previously sponsored and administered by legacy SLM were transferred to Navient. As of the Spin-Off Date, Navient and its sponsored ABS trusts owned \$30.8 billotion flegacy SLM's private education loan portfolio originated both prior to and since 2009. As of the Spin-Off Date, Sallie Mae Bank owned \$7.2 billion of private education loans, the vast majority of which were unencumbered Smart Option Student Loans originated since 2009.

Legacy SLM's Private Education Loan and ABS Programs Prior to the Spin-Off

In 1989, legacy SLM began making private education loans to graduate students. In 1996, legacy SLM expanded its private education loan offerings to undergraduate students. Between 2002 and 2007, legacy SLM issued \$18.6 billion of private education loan-backed ABS in 12 separate transactions.

In 2008, in response to the financial downturn, legacy SLM revised its private education loan underwriting criteria, tightened its forbearance and collections policies, ended direct-to-consumer disbursements, and ceased lending to students attending certain for-profit schools. Legacy SLM issued no private education loan ABS in 2008.

In 2009, legacy SLM introduced its Smart Option Student Loan product and began underwriting private education loans with a proprietary custom credit score. The custom credit score included income-based factors, which led to a significant increase in the percentage of loans requiring a co-signer, typically a parent. The initial loans originated under the Smart Option Student Loan program (the "Interest Only SOSLs") were variable rate loans and required interest payments by borrowers while in school, which reduced the amounts payable over the loans' lives and helped establish repayment habits among borrowers. In 2010, legacy SLM introduced a second option for its Smart Option Student Loan customers, which required a \$25 fixed monthly payment while borrowers were in school (the "Fixed Pay SOSLs"). In 2011, legacy SLM introduced another option for its Smart Option Student Loan customers, which allowed borrowers to defer interest and principal payments until after a student graduates or separates from school (the "Deferred SOSLs"). In 2012, legacy SLM introduced a fixed rate loan option for its Interest Only, Fixed Pay and Deferred SOSLs. Borrowers must select which of these options they prefer at the time of loan origination and are not permitted to change those options once selected.

In 2011, legacy SLM included private education loans originated under the Smart Option Student Loan program in its ABS pools for the first time. Between 2011 and 2014, the mix of Smart Option Student Loans included in legacy SLM's private education loan ABS steadily increased as a percentage of the collateral pools, from 10% initially to 64% in later transactions.

Sallie Mae Bank's Private Education Loan and ABS Programs Post-Spin Off

Originations. Following the Spin-Off, Sallie Mae Bank continued to originate loans under the Smart Option Student Loan program. As of December 31, 2015, it owned \$10.5 billion of private education loans, the vast majority of which were Smart Option Student Loans originated since 2009, and three-fourths of which were originated between 2013 and 2015. Navient ceased originating private education loans following the Spin-Off.

Servicing. Immediately prior to the Spin-Off, Sallie Mae Bank assumed responsibility for collections of delinquent loans on the vast majority of its Smart Option Student Loan portfolio. Following the Spin-Off Date, Navient continued to service all private education loans owned by the two companies on its servicing platform until October 2014, when servicing for the vast majority of Sallie Mae Bank's private education loan portfolio was transitioned to Sallie Mae Bank. Sallie Mae Bank now services and is responsible for collecting the vast majority of the Smart Option Student Loans it owns.

Securitization and Sales. In August 2014, Sallie Mae Bank sponsored its first private education loan ABS, SMB Private Education Loan Trust 2014-A (the "SMB 2014-A transaction"). Because this transaction occurred prior to the transfer of loan servicing from Navient to Sallie Mae Bank, Sallie Mae Bank acted as master servicer for the transaction and Navient as subservicer, and the loan pool is serviced pursuant to Navient servicing policies. In April 2015, Sallie Mae Bank sponsored a second securitization and residual sale, SMB Private Education Loan Trust 2015-A. In July 2015, Sallie Mae Bank sponsored its first on-balance sheet term securitization, SMB Private Education Loan Trust 2015-B. In October 2015, Sallie Mae Bank sponsored another securitization and residual sale, SMB Private Education Loan Trust 2015-C. Sallie Mae Bank services the loans in all of the securitizations it has sponsored following the SMB 2014-A transaction.

Additional Information. Prior to the Spin-Off, all Smart Option Student Loans were originated and initially held by Sallie Mae Bank, as a subsidiary of legacy SLM. Sallie Mae Bank typically then sold certain of the performing Smart Option Student Loans to an affiliate of legacy SLM for securitization. Additionally, on a monthly basis Sallie Mae Bank sold all loans that were over 90 days past due, in forbearance, restructured or involved in a bankruptcy to an affiliate of legacy SLM. As a result of this second practice, prior to the occurrence of the Spin-Off, historical performance data for Sallie Mae Bank's Smart Option Student Loan portfolio reflected minimal later stage delinquencies, forbearance or charge-offs.

Legacy SLM collected Smart Option Student Loans pursuant to policies that required loans be charged off after 212 days of delinquency. In April 2014, Sallie Mae Bank began collecting the vast majority of its Smart Option Student Loans pursuant to policies that required loans be charged off after 120 days of delinquency, in accordance with bank regulatory guidance. As a result of the various policies described above, it was not until recently that (a) a meaningful amount of Smart Option Student Loan charge-offs occurred in Sallie Mae Bank's portfolio, and (b) performance data on Sallie Mae Bank's owned Smart Option Student Loans. For the reasons described above, much of Sallie Mae Bank's historical performance data does not reflect current collections and charge off practices and may not be indicative of the future performance of the Bank's Smart Option Student Loans. We do not believe the credit performance indicators for Sallie Mae Bank-owned and -serviced Smart Option Student Loans yet provide meaningful period-over-period comparisons.

Important Information Regarding Historical Loan Performance Data (cont.)

Types of Smart Option Loan Portfolio Data

The portfolio data we used in this report comes from three separate sources of information:

- (1) Combined Smart Option Student Loan Portfolio Data for Legacy SLM, Navient and Sallie Mae Bank. Information in this category is presented on a combined basis for loans originated under the Smart Option Student Loan program, whether originated by Sallie Mae Bank when it was part of legacy SLM or by Sallie Mae Bank post Spin-Off, and regardless of whether the loan is currently held by an ABS trust, or held or serviced by Navient or Sallie Mae Bank. Data in this category is used in the tables below under the following headings:
 - "Cumulative Defaults by P&I Repayment Vintage and Years in P&I Repayment"

This combined Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data provides insight into gross defaults of all Smart Option Student Loans since 2010, regardless of ownership or servicing standard. We believe historical loan performance data since 2010 is more representative of the expected performance of Smart Option Student Loans to be included in new Sallie Mae Bank trusts than data available for earlier periods. Data available for earlier periods includes a limited number of Smart Option Student Loan product types, a limited amount of loans in principal and interest repayment status, and limited periods of loan performance history.

Loans contained in the combined Smart Option Student Loan portfolio category were serviced by legacy SLM prior to the Spin-Off, and by either Navient or Sallie Mae Bank after the Spin-Off. As noted above, loans serviced by legacy SLM and Navient were serviced pursuant to different policies than those loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank after the Spin-Off. Specifically, legacy SLM charged off loans after 212 days of delinquency, and Navient has continued this policy. Sallie Mae Bank currently charges off loans after 120 days of delinquency, All loans included in the combined Smart Option Student Loan portfolio were serviced by legacy SLM pursuant to a 212-day charge off policy prior to the Spin-Off. Following the Spin-Off, a portion of the loans included in the combined Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data have been serviced by Navient pursuant to a 212-day charge off policy, and a portion have been serviced by Sallie Mae Bank pursuant to a 120-day charge off policy. As a result, future performance of loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank may differ from the historical performance of loans reflected in this combined Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data

(2) Legacy SLM Consolidated Smart Option Student Loan Portfolio Data prior to the Spin-Off Date, and Sallie Mae Bank-Only Smart Option Student Loan Data from and after the Spin-Off Date. Information in this category is presented (a) prior to the Spin-Off Date for Smart Option Student Loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank from and after the Spin-Off Date for Smart Option Student Loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank from and after the Spin-Off. Data in this category is used in the tables below under the following headings:

- "31-60 Day Delinquencies as a Percentage of Loans in P&I Repayment;"
- "61-90 Day Delinquencies as a Percentage of Loans in P&I Repayment;"
- "91-plus Day Delinquencies as a Percentage of Loans in P&I Repayment;"

- "Forbearance as a Percentage of Loans in P&I Repayment and Forbearance;"
- "Annualized Gross Defaults as a Percentage of Loans in P&I Repayment;"
- "Voluntary Constant Prepayment Rates by Origination Vintage and Product;" and
- "Total Constant Prepayment Rates by Origination Vintage and Product."

This consolidated Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data provides insight into historical delinquencies, forbearance, defaults and prepayment rates specifically of the Smart Option Student Loans covered, regardless of the loans' ownership at the time, or whether the loans serve as collateral for an ABS trust. We believe this data is currently the most relevant data available for assessing historical Smart Option Student Loan performance.

Loans owned or serviced by legacy SLM and contained in this consolidated Smart Option Student Loan portfolio category were serviced pursuant to legacy SLM servicing policies prior to the Spin-Off. Loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank and contained in this consolidated Smart Option Student Loan portfolio were serviced pursuant to Sallie Mae Bank servicing policies of legacy SLM were different than the servicing policies of Sallie Mae Bank. Specifically, legacy SLM charged off loans after 212 days of delinquency, while Sallie Mae Bank charges off loans after 120 days of delinquency in accordance with bank regulatory guidance. As a result, future performance of loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank may differ from the historical performance of loans reflected in this consolidated Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data.

- (3) Legacy SLM Consolidated Smart Option Student Loan Portfolio Data prior to the Spin-Off Date, and Navient-Only Smart Option Student Loan Data from and after the Spin-Off Date. Information in this category is presented (a) prior to the Spin-Off Date for Smart Option Student Loans serviced by Navient from and after the Spin-Off. Data in this category is used in the tables below under the following headings:
- "Smart Option Loan Cumulative Recovery Rate"

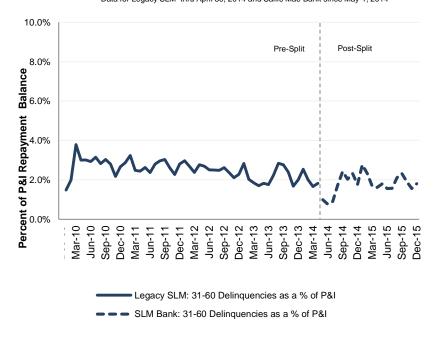
Loans contained in this Smart Option Student Loan portfolio category were serviced by legacy SLM prior to the Spin-Off, and by Navient after the Spin-Off. As noted above, loans serviced by legacy SLM and Navient were serviced pursuant to different policies than those loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank after the Spin-Off. Specifically, legacy SLM charged off loans after 212 days of delinquency, and Navient has continued this policy. Sallie Mae Bank currently charges off loans after 120 days of delinquency. As a result, future performance of loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank may differ from the historical performance of loans reflected in this Smart Option Student Loan portfolio data.

Any data or other information presented in the following report is for comparative purposes only, and, is not to be deemed a part of any offering of securities.

A significant portion of the Smart Option Student Loan performance data described above is provided to Sallie Mae Bank by Navient under a data sharing agreement executed in connection with the Spin-Off. This data sharing agreement expires in 2019. Under the data sharing agreement, agreement expires in 2019. Under the data sharing agreement, the data sharing agreement expires in independently verified, and is not able to verify, the accuracy or completeness of the data provided under the agreement.

Smart Option Serviced Portfolio: 31-60 Day Delinquencies

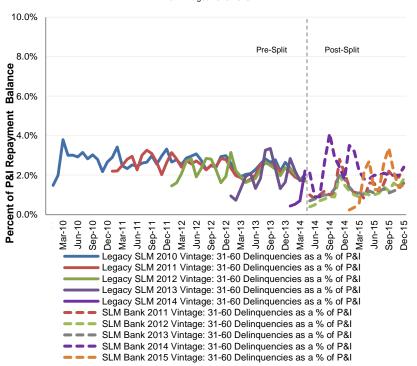
Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio 31-60 Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1) Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014



Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio 31-60 Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1)

Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014

P&I Vintages 2010-2015 (2)



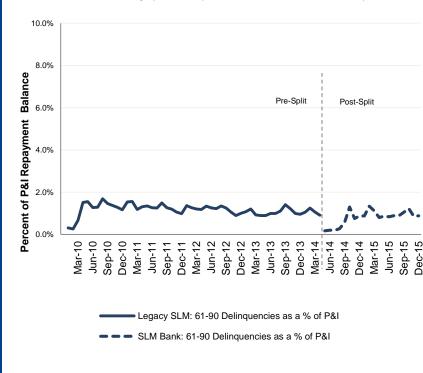
Data as of December 31, 2015.

⁽¹⁾ Loans in 'P&I Repayment' includes only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due.

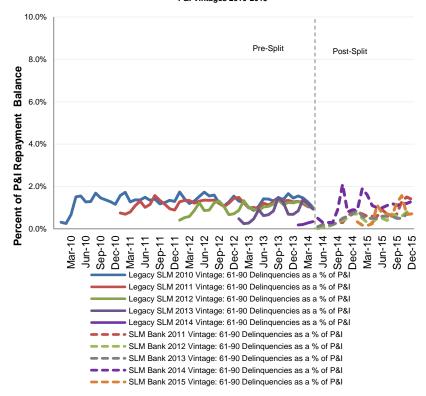
SLM Bank 2010 'P&I Repayment' vintage not included due to insufficient data.

Smart Option Serviced Portfolio: 61-90 Day Delinquencies

Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio
61-90 Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1)
Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014



Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio 31-60 Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1) Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014 P&I Vintages 2010-2015 (2)



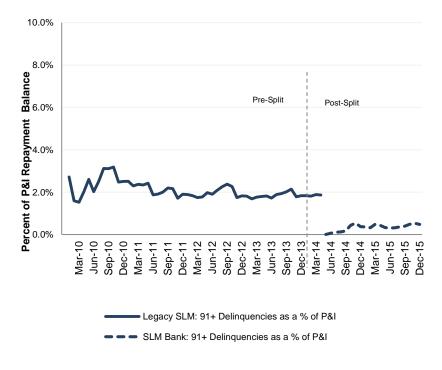
Data as of December 31, 2015.

⁽¹⁾ Loans in 'P&I Repayment' includes only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due.

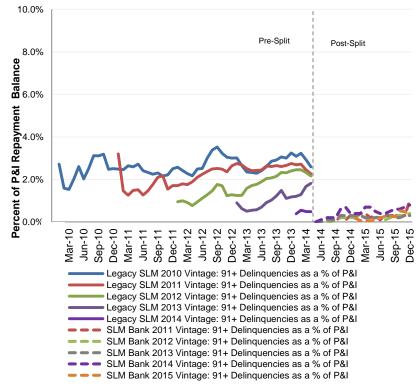
SLM Bank 2010 'P&I Repayment' vintage not included due to insufficient data.

Smart Option Serviced Portfolio: 91+ Day Delinquencies

Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio 91+ Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1) Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014



Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio 91+ Day Delinquencies as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment (1) Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014 P&I Vintages 2010-2015 (2)



Data as of December 31, 2015.

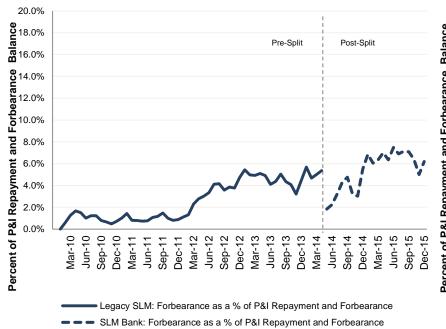
⁽¹⁾ Loans in 'P&I Repayment' includes only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due.

SLM Bank 2010 'P&I Repayment' vintage not included due to insufficient data.

Smart Option Serviced Portfolio: Forbearance

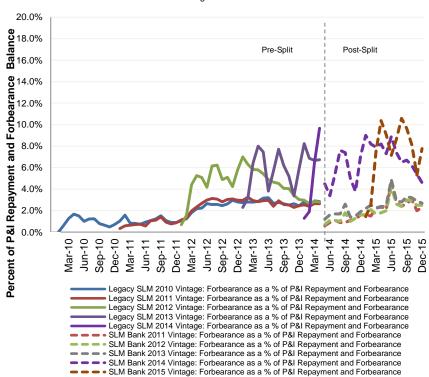
Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio

Forbearance as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment and Forbearance (1), (2) Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014



Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio

Forbearance as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment and Forbearance (1), (2)
Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014
P&I Vintages 2010-2015 (3)



Data as of December 31, 2015.

- Loans in 'P&I Repayment' includes only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due.
- 2) On June 1, 2015 the FDIC published FIL-23-2015, which encouraged lenders to work constructively with borrowers impacted by the floods in Texas in the spring of 2015. A one-time, two month disaster forbearance was granted to all student loan customers resident in the impacted area. This doubled our forbearance rate in June, 2015. Substantially all of the borrowers were current at the time the forbearance was granted.
- (3) SLM Bank 2010 'P&I Repayment' vintage not included due to insufficient data.

Smart Option Serviced Portfolio: Annualized Gross Defaults

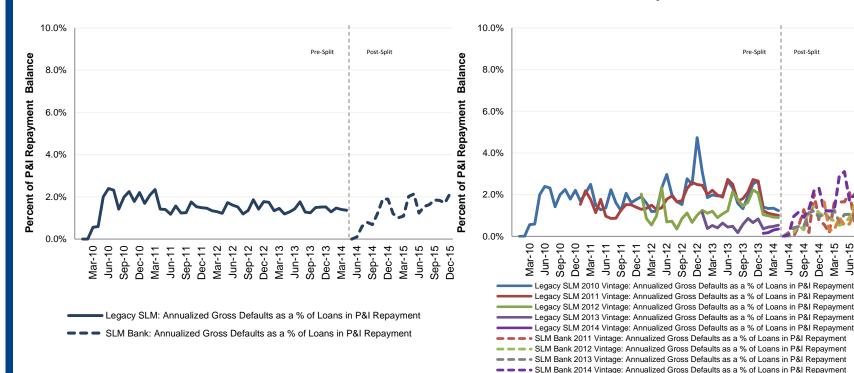
Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio

Annualized Gross Defaults as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment⁽¹⁾ Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014

Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio

Annualized Gross Defaults as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment⁽¹⁾
Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014
P&I Vintages 2010-2015 (2)

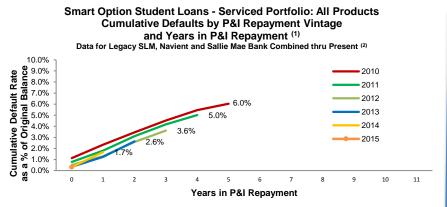
— — • SLM Bank 2015 Vintage: Annualized Gross Defaults as a % of Loans in P&I Repayment

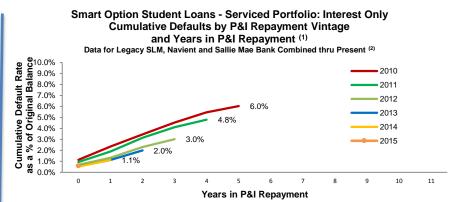


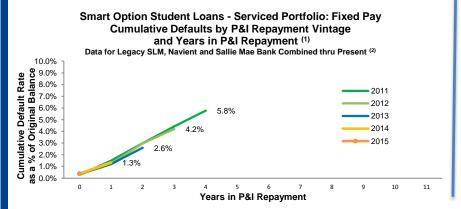
Data as of December 31, 2015

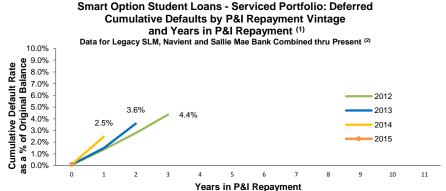
- (1) Loans in 'P&I Repayment' include only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due. Defaults occurring prior to 'P&I Repayment' are not represented in the data.
- 2) SLM Bank 2010 'P&I Repayment' vintage not included due to insufficient data.

Smart Option Vintage Data: Cumulative Gross Default by Loan Type









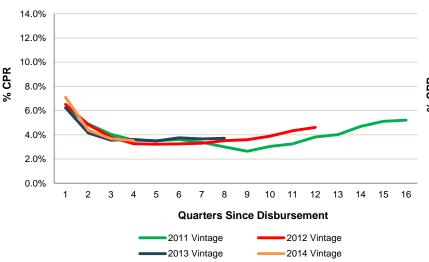
Data as of December 31, 2015.

- (1) Loans in 'P&I Repayment' includes only those loans for which scheduled principal and interest payments are due. Defaults from periods preceding the P&I Repayment period are aggregated and reported in Period 0.
- 2) Certain data used in the charts above was provided by Navient under a data sharing agreement. Sallie Mae Bank has not independently verified, and is not able to verify, the accuracy or completeness of the data provided under the agreement.

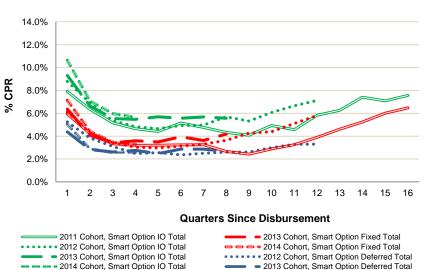
Smart Option Vintage Data: Voluntary Prepayments

► Following the first year after disbursement, voluntary prepayments have generally ranged from between 2-3% for the Smart Option Deferred loan product, to 5-6% for the Interest Only product





Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio Voluntary CPR by Origination Vintage and Product (1) Interest Only, Fixed Payment and Deferred Products Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014 (2)



⇔ ⇔ • 2014 Cohort, Smart Option Deferred Total

2011 Cohort, Smart Option Fixed Total

• • • • • • 2012 Cohort, Smart Option Fixed Total

Data as of December 31, 2015.

⁽¹⁾ Data for all loans from initial disbursement, whether or not scheduled payments are due. Voluntary CPR includes only voluntary prepayments.

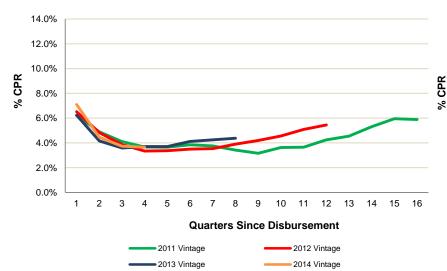
⁽²⁾ Partial periods removed from the analysis. The 2015 vintage data contains only partial periods, therefore it is not shown.

Smart Option Vintage Data: Total Prepayments

Following the first year after disbursement, total prepayments have generally ranged around 4%



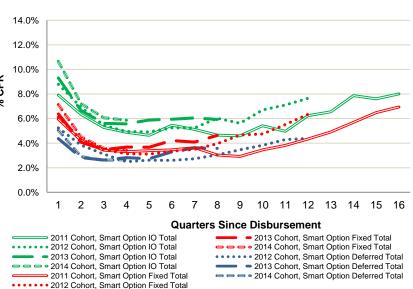
Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014 (2), (3)



Smart Option Student Loans - Serviced Portfolio Total CPR by Origination Vintage and Product (1)

Interest Only, Fixed Payment and Deferred Products

Data for Legacy SLM thru April 30, 2014 and Sallie Mae Bank since May 1, 2014 (2)



Data as of December 31, 2015.

⁽¹⁾ Data for all loans from initial disbursement, whether or not scheduled payments are due. Voluntary CPR includes only voluntary prepayments.

⁽²⁾ Partial periods removed from the analysis. The 2015 vintage data contains only partial periods. Therefore, it is not shown.

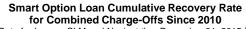
Smart Option: Cumulative Recoveries

Recoveries of charged-off Smart Option Student Loans® historically have occurred over a longer period than for many other types of unsecured consumer credit

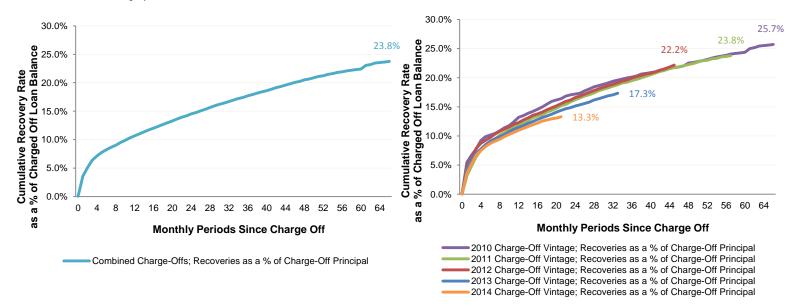
Smart Option Loan Cumulative Recovery Rate

For Charge-Off Vintages Since 2010

Data for Legacy SLM and Navient thru December 31, 2015 (1), (2)



Data for Legacy SLM and Navient thru December 31, 2015 (1)



Data as of December 31, 2015.

- (1) Certain data used in the charts above was provided by Navient under a data sharing agreement. Sallie Mae Bank has not independently verified, and is not able to verify, the accuracy or completeness of the data provided under the agreement. Cumulative recoveries for the current period excludes loans sold to third parties, resulting in higher levels of recoveries than previously reported for comparable historical periods.
- (2) Cumulative recoveries reported for the 2010 Charge-Off Vintage represent a 2% decline versus cumulative recoveries for the 2010 Charge-Off Vintage reported for prior periods, primarily due to a change in the aggregation of charge-off data.

Note: Recovery data is for collections of charged off Smart Option loans managed by legacy SLM and Navient only. Sallie Mae Bank is currently selling charged off loans to third parties. Sallie Mae Bank intends to add third party collection agency management, account placement and other functionality necessary to manage charge-off loan collections internally. In the future, Sallie Mae expects to have the option of selling or internally managing collections of charged off loans, and to utilize one or both of those strategies at any time based on market conditions. Legacy SLM and Navient portfolio serviced pursuant to a 212 day charge-off policy. Sallie Mae Bank portfolio serviced pursuant to a 120 day charge-off policy. Historical trends may not be indicative of future performance.

Smart Option Loan Program Cohort Default Triangles

- The following cohort default triangles provide loan performance information for Legacy SLM, Navient and Sallie Mae Bank serviced Smart Option loans combined, thru the most recent period indicated (1)
- Terms and calculations used in the cohort default triangles are defined below:
 - ▶ <u>P&I Repayment Year</u> The calendar year that loans entered P&I repayment
 - All Smart Option loans are considered to be in P&I repayment any time the borrower is required to make full principal and interest payments on the loan
 - <u>Disbursed Principal Entering P&I Repayment</u> The amount of principal entering P&I repayment in a given year, based on disbursed principal prior to any interest capitalization
 - Years in P&I Repayment Measured in years between P&I repayment start date and default date. Year zero represents defaults that occurred prior to the start of P&I repayment
 - <u>Periodic Defaults</u> Defaulted principal in each Year in P&I Repayment as a percentage of the disbursed principal entering repayment in each P&I Repayment Year
 - Defaulted principal includes any interest capitalization that occurred prior to default
 - Defaulted principal is not reduced by any amounts recovered after the loan defaulted
 - Because the numerator includes capitalized interest while the denominator does not, default rates are higher than if the numerator and denominator both included capitalized interest
 - > Total The sum of Periodic Defaults across Years in P&I Repayment for each P&I Repayment Year

(1) Data excludes loans made to borrowers attending certain for profit schools not included in legacy SLM securitizations. Excluded loans represent less than one percent of the total loan balances.

Note: Historical trends suggested by the cohort default triangles may not be indicative of future performance. Legacy SLM and Navient serviced loans were serviced pursuant to a 212 day charge off policy. Sallie Mae Bank serviced loans were serviced pursuant to a 120 day charge off policy.

Cohort Default Triangles – Smart Option Combined (Interest Only, Fixed & Deferred)

Sma	art Option Combi	ned (P	&l Re	payme	ent Sta	itus - T	otal)	
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Period	ic Defau	ılts by Y	ears in	P&I Repa	ayment (1), (2), (3)
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total
2010	\$430	1.1%	2.3%	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%	6.0%	6.0%
2011	\$1,003	0.8%	1.8%	3.1%	4.2%	5.0%		5.0%
2012	\$1,646	0.5%	1.3%	2.6%	3.6%			3.6%
2013	\$2,270	0.4%	1.3%	2.6%				2.6%
2014	\$2,857	0.3%	1.7%					1.7%
2015	\$3,393	0.3%						0.3%
Smart	Option Combine	d (P&I	Repa	yment	Statu	s - Co-	-Signe	r)
P&I	Disbursed Principal	Pariod	lic Defau	ılte hv V	aare in	P&I Repa	avment ((1), (2), (3)
Repayment	Entering P&I	i enou	ic berac	into Dy 1	cars in	Спср	ауптепі	
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total
2010	\$410	1.1%	2.3%	3.3%	4.4%	5.3%	5.9%	5.9%
2011	\$920	0.7%	1.6%	2.8%	3.8%	4.6%		4.6%
2011 2012	\$920 \$1,502	0.7% 0.5%	1.6% 1.1%	2.8% 2.2%	3.8% 3.2%	4.6%		4.6% 3.2%
		l .				4.6%		
2012	\$1,502	0.5%	1.1%	2.2%		4.6%		3.2%
2012 2013	\$1,502 \$2,058	0.5% 0.3%	1.1% 1.0%	2.2%		4.6%		3.2% 2.2%
2012 2013 2014 2015	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3%	1.1% 1.0% 1.3%	2.2% 2.2%	3.2%		o-Sigr	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 Ption Combined Disbursed Principal	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3%	1.1% 1.0% 1.3%	2.2% 2.2% nent S	3.2%			3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 ption Combined	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3%	1.1% 1.0% 1.3%	2.2% 2.2% nent S	3.2%	- No C		3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O P&I Repayment	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 Ption Combined Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% (P&I R	1.1% 1.0% 1.3% epayr	2.2% 2.2% nent S	3.2%	- No C	ayment	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O P&I Repayment Year	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 ption Combined Disbursed Principal Entering P&I Repayment (\$m)	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% (P&I R	1.1% 1.0% 1.3% Repayr lic Defau	2.2% 2.2% nent S ults by Y	3.2%	- No C P&I Repa	ayment '	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3% Oer)
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O P&I Repayment Year 2010	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 ption Combined Disbursed Principal Entering P&I Repayment (\$m)	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% (P&I R Period 0	1.1% 1.0% 1.3% Repayr ic Defau 1 4.2%	2.2% 2.2% nent S ults by Y 2 5.9%	3.2% Status Fears in 3 7.4%	- No C P&I Repa 4 8.6%	ayment '	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3% Oner) Total 9.2%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O P&I Repayment Year 2010 2011	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 ption Combined Disbursed Principal Entering P&I Repayment (\$m) \$19 \$83	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% (P&I R Period 0 1.6% 1.8%	1.1% 1.0% 1.3% Repayr dic Defau 1 4.2% 4.4%	2.2% 2.2% nent S ults by Y 2 5.9% 6.6%	3.2% Status Fears in 3 7.4% 8.4%	- No C P&I Repa 4 8.6%	ayment '	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3% ner) Total 9.2% 9.6%
2012 2013 2014 2015 Smart O P&I Repayment Year 2010 2011 2012	\$1,502 \$2,058 \$2,574 \$3,064 Ption Combined Disbursed Principal Entering P&I Repayment (\$m) \$19 \$83 \$144	0.5% 0.3% 0.3% 0.3% (P&I R Period 0 1.6% 1.8% 1.1%	1.1% 1.0% 1.3% Repayr lic Defau 1 4.2% 4.4% 3.6%	2.2% 2.2% nent S ults by Y 2 5.9% 6.6% 6.4%	3.2% Status Fears in 3 7.4% 8.4%	- No C P&I Repa 4 8.6%	ayment '	3.2% 2.2% 1.3% 0.3% ner) Total 9.2% 9.6% 8.4%

Data as of 12/31/2015.

¹⁾ Private education loans marketed under the Smart Option Student Loan brand.

⁽²⁾ Numerator is the amount of principal in each P&I Repayment Cohort that defaulted in each Year in P&I Repayment. Denominator is the amount of disbursed principal for that P&I Repayment Year.

³⁾ Defaults from periods preceding the P&I Repayment Year are aggregated and reported in Period 0.

Cohort Default Triangles – Smart Option Interest Only

5	Smart Option IO (P&I Repayment Status - Total)								
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Period	ic Defau	ılts by Y	ears in	P&I Repa	ayment (1), (2), (3)	
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total	
2010	\$428	1.1%	2.4%	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%	6.0%	6.0%	
2011	\$773	0.9%	1.9%	3.1%	4.1%	4.8%		4.8%	
2012	\$858	0.7%	1.3%	2.3%	3.0%			3.0%	
2013	\$895	0.6%	1.1%	2.0%				2.0%	
2014	\$873	0.5%	1.1%					1.1%	
2015	\$919	0.6%						0.6%	

Sm	Smart Option IO (P&I Repayment Status - Co-Signer)									
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Period	ic Defau	ılts by Y	ears in	P&I Repa	ayment ((1), (2), (3)		
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total		
2010	\$409	1.1%	2.3%	3.3%	4.4%	5.3%	5.9%	5.9%		
2011	\$714	0.8%	1.7%	2.9%	3.8%	4.5%		4.5%		
2012	\$790	0.6%	1.2%	2.0%	2.7%			2.7%		
2013	\$822	0.5%	0.9%	1.7%				1.7%		
2014	\$793	0.5%	0.9%					0.9%		
2015	\$825	0.5%						0.5%		

Smar	Smart Option IO (P&I Repayment Status - No Co-Signer)								
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Period	ic Defau	ılts by Y	ears in	P&I Repa	ayment (1), (2), (3)	
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	5	Total	
2010	\$19	1.6%	4.2%	5.9%	7.5%	8.7%	9.3%	9.3%	
2011	\$59	2.0%	4.3%	6.1%	7.7%	8.7%		8.7%	
2012	\$68	1.3%	3.1%	5.3%	6.6%			6.6%	
2013	\$73	1.4%	3.3%	5.3%				5.3%	
2014	\$80	1.3%	3.1%					3.1%	
2015	\$94	1.3%						1.3%	

Data as of 12/31/2015.

⁽¹⁾ Private education loans marketed under the Smart Option Student Loan brand.

⁽²⁾ Numerator is the amount of principal in each P&I Repayment Cohort that defaulted in each Year in P&I Repayment. Denominator is the amount of disbursed principal for that P&I Repayment Year.

³⁾ Defaults from periods preceding the P&I Repayment Year are aggregated and reported in Period 0.

Cohort Default Triangles – Smart Option Fixed Payment

Sma	Smart Option Fixed Payment (P&I Repayment Status - Total)									
P&I Repayment	Periodic Defaults by Years in P&I Repayment (1), (2), (3)									
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	Total			
2011	\$225	0.3%	1.5%	3.0%	4.4%	5.8%	5.8%			
2012	\$535	0.4%	1.2%	3.0%	4.2%		4.2%			
2013	\$739	0.3%	1.2%	2.6%			2.6%			
2014	\$975	0.4%	1.3%				1.3%			
2015	\$1,112	0.4%					0.4%			

Smart (Smart Option Fixed Payment (P&I Repayment Status - Co-Signer)									
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Periodic Defaults by Years in P&I Repayment (1), (2), (3)								
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	Total			
2011	\$202	0.2%	1.1%	2.4%	3.8%	5.1%	5.1%			
2012	\$487	0.3%	1.0%	2.5%	3.6%		3.6%			
2013	\$675	0.3%	1.0%	2.2%			2.2%			
2014	\$891	0.3%	1.1%				1.1%			
2015	\$1,016	0.3%					0.3%			

Smart Op	Smart Option Fixed Payment (P&I Repayment Status – No Co-Signer)									
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Periodi	c Defaults	by Years	s in P&I Re	epayment	(1), (2), (3)			
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	4	Total			
2011	\$1,003	0.8%	1.8%	3.1%	4.2%	5.0%	5.0%			
2012	\$1,646	0.5%	1.3%	2.6%	3.6%		3.6%			
2013	\$2,270	0.4%	1.3%	2.6%			2.6%			
2014	\$2,857	0.3%	1.7%				1.7%			
2015	\$3,393	0.3%					0.3%			

Data as of 12/31/2015

- (1) Private education loans marketed under the Smart Option Student Loan brand.
- 2) Numerator is the amount of principal in each P&I Repayment Cohort that defaulted in each Year in P&I Repayment. Denominator is the amount of disbursed principal for that P&I Repayment Year.
- Defaults from periods preceding the P&I Repayment Year are aggregated and reported in Period 0.

Cohort Default Triangles – Smart Option Deferred Payment

S	Smart Option Deferred (P&I Repayment Status - Total)								
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Periodic [Defaults by	Years in P	&I Repayme	nt ^{(1), (2), (3)}			
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	Total			
2012	\$253	0.1%	1.4%	2.8%	4.4%	4.4%			
2013	\$636	0.1%	1.5%	3.6%		3.6%			
2014	\$1,009	0.1%	2.5%			2.5%			
2015	\$1,363	0.1%				0.1%			

Sma	art Option Deferred	d (P&I Re	payment	Status -	Co-Signe	er)
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Periodic I	Defaults by	Years in P	&I Repayme	nt ^{(1), (2), (3)}
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	Total
2012	\$224	0.1%	1.1%	2.3%	3.6%	3.6%
2013	\$561	0.1%	1.2%	3.0%		3.0%
2014	\$889	0.1%	2.0%			2.0%
2015	\$1,223	0.0%				0.0%

Smart	Option Deferred	(P&I Rep	ayment S	Status – N	No Co-Siç	gner)
P&I Repayment	Disbursed Principal Entering P&I	Periodic I	Defaults by	Years in P	&I Repayme	nt ^{(1), (2), (3)}
Year	Repayment (\$m)	0	1	2	3	Total
2012	\$29	0.0%	3.9%	6.8%	9.8%	9.8%
2013	\$75	0.1%	3.6%	7.7%		7.7%
2014	\$119	0.3%	6.3%			6.3%
2015	\$140	0.5%				0.5%

Data as of 12/31/2015.

- (1) Private education loans marketed under the Smart Option Student Loan brand.
- 2) Numerator is the amount of principal in each P&I Repayment Cohort that defaulted in each Year in P&I Repayment. Denominator is the amount of disbursed principal for that P&I Repayment Year.
- Defaults from periods preceding the P&I Repayment Year are aggregated and reported in Period 0.

ABS Supplement

Sallie Mae's Smart Option Loan Product Overview

- The Smart Option loan product was introduced by Sallie Mae in 2009
- The Smart Option loan program consists of:
 - Smart Option Interest Only loans require full interest payments during in-school, grace, and deferment periods
 - Smart Option Fixed Pay loans require \$25 fixed payments during in-school, grace, and deferment periods
 - Smart Option Deferred loans do not require payments during in-school and grace periods
- · Variable rate loans indexed to LIBOR, or fixed rate
- Smart Option payment option may not be changed after selected at origination
- Underwritten using proprietary credit score model
- Marketed primarily through the school channel and also directly to consumers, with all loans certified by and disbursed directly to schools

	Smart Option Loan Program
Origination Channel	School
Typical Borrower	Student
Typical Co-signer	Parent
Typical Loan	\$10,000 avg orig bal, 5 to 15 yr term, in-school payments of interest only, \$25 fixed or fully deferred
Origination Period	March 2009 to present
Certification and Disbursement	School certified and school disbursed
Borrower Underwriting	FICO, custom credit score model, and judgmental underwriting
Borrowing Limits	\$200,000
Historical Risk-Based Pricing	L + 2% to L + 14%
Dischargeable in Bankruptcy	No ⁽¹⁾
	 Made to students and parents primarily through college financial aid offices to fund 2-year, 4-year and graduate school college tuition, room and board
Additional Characteristics	 Also available on a limited basis to students and parents to fund non-degree granting secondary education, including community college, part time, technical and trade school programs
	Both Title IV and non-Title IV schools

⁽¹⁾ Private education loans are typically non-dischargeable in bankruptcy, unless a borrower can prove that repayment of the loan would impose an "undue hardship".

SMB vs. Legacy SLM Private Education Loan ABS Summary

	Legacy SLM										Nav	vient		S	Sallie M	ae Ban	k			
	11-A	11-B	11-C	12-A	12-B	12-C	12-D	12-E	13-A	13-B	13-C	14-A	14-A	15-A	15-B	15-C	14-A	15-A	15-B	15-C
Total Bond Amount (\$mil)	562	825	721	547	891	1,135	640	976	1,108	1,135	624	676	664	689	700	359	382	704	714	701
Initial AAA Enhancement (%)	21%	18%	24%	27%	26%	25%	25%	21%	26%	22%	28%	24%	30%	32%	36%	48%	21%	23%	22%	23%
Initial Class B Enhancement (%)									15%	13%	20%	15%	22%	23%		40%	12%	13%	13%	14%
Loan Program (%)																				
Signature/Law/MBA/Med	88%	91%	71%	61%	48%	43%	37%	35%	26%	29%	26%	19%	26%	27%	52%	81%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Smart Option			10%	20%	30%	40%	45%	48%	63%	63%	64%	63%	50%	50%		0%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Consolidation	0%	0%	7%	6%	9%	5%	5%	5%	3%	5%	0%	6%	9%	2%	8%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Direct to Consumer	9%	6%	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%	8%	3%	10%	12%	15%	21%	26%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Career Training	3%	3%	0%	1%	<u>1%</u>	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Loan Status (%) ⁽¹⁾																				
School, Grace, Deferment	55%	55%	45%	37%	38%	40%	39%	44%	59%	62%	63%	49%	46%	24%	9%	12%	91%	79%	78%	73%
P&I Repayment	43%	43%	52%	60%	60%	57%	59%	54%	39%	36%	36%	50%	53%	68%	89%	85%	9%	20%	21%	24%
Forbearance	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	8%	2%	3%	0%	2%	1%	3%
Wtd Avg Term to Maturity (Mo.)	192	189	182	171	164	151	144	148	144	146	143	150	161	155	157	159	140	133	130	127
% Loans with Cosigner	72%	75%	71%	75%	77%	79%	80%	80%	80%	80%	81%	82%	79%	80%	64%	38%	93%	92%	92%	92%
% Loans with No Cosigner	28%	25%	29%	25%	23%	21%	20%	20%	20%	20%	19%	18%	21%	20%	36%	62%	7%	8%	8%	8%
Wtd Avg FICO at Origination	737	736	733	735	736	737	740	733	741	740	740	742	739	731	730	625	747	747	746	747
Wtd Avg Recent FICO at Issuance	723	722	720	724	726	728	730	722	733	734	733	741	737	714	726	690	745	744	741	747
WA FICO (Cosigner at Origination)	747	745	744	745	745	745	748	741	751	750	749	750	748	738	742	635	750	750	749	750
WA FICO (Cosigner at Rescored)	736	731	734	732	734	735	738	728	745	746	745	750	746	724	739	697	748	748	745	750
WA FICO (Borrower at Origination)	709	710	704	705	705	707	710	702	703	702	705	707	707	701	704	619	708	714	715	714
WA FICO (Borrower at Rescored)	690	695	688	700	700	702	698	696	683	684	682	701	707	672	704	687	701	702	699	701
Variable Rate Loans	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	89%	97%	100%	100%	85%	82%	82%	82%
Wtd Avg Borrower Interest Rate	7.75%	7.45%	6.61%	7.04%	7.23%	7.38%	7.43%	7.70%	6.88%	6.89%	7.13%	6.85%	6.89%	7.60%	5.82%	9.52%	7.82%	8.21%	8.21%	8.27%

Sallie Mae Bank ABS Structures

Size

Pricing Date

Collateral

Servicer

Overcollateralization (2)

Pricing Prepayment Speed (3)

Tranche Structure

WA Borrower Interest Rate

WA FICO at Issuance

% Loans with Cosigner

Variable Rate Loans

<u>SMB 2015-B</u>	
\$630.8MM ⁽¹⁾	
July 23, 2015	
Smart Option Private Education Loans	
Sallie Mae Bank	
13%	

4%

Class	Amt (\$mm) ⁽¹⁾	Mdy's	WAL	Pricing
A-1	225.15	Aaa	1.50	1mL +80
A-2a	182.40	Aaa	5.46	IntS +120
A-2b	85.50	Aaa	5.46	1mL +130
A-3	71.25	Aaa	8.40	1mL +180
В	66.50	Aa3	9.67	IntS +235
С	Retained	А3	10.68	N/A
		8.21%	S	
		741		
		92%		
		82%		

SMB 2015-C

\$701.0MM

October 19, 2015

Smart Option
Private Education Loans

Sallie Mae Bank

14%

4%

	Amt								
Class	(\$mm)	Mdy's	WAL	Pricing					
A-1	199.00	Aaa	1.23	1mL +95					
A-2a	207.00	Aaa	4.97	IntS +140					
A-2b	82.00	Aaa	4.97	1mL +150					
A-3	70.00	Aaa	8.20	1mL +205					
В	75.00	Aa3	9.52	IntS +265					
С	50.00	A3	10.53	IntS +365					
		8.27%	6						
		747							
92%									
		82%							

⁽¹⁾ Represents offered amount. SMB retained 5% of Classes A through B and all of Class C (\$50mm). Total bond size was \$714mm.

⁽²⁾ Overcollateralization for Class A & B bonds

⁽³⁾ Estimated based on a variety of assumptions concerning loan repayment behavior. Actual prepayment rate may vary significantly from estimates.

SMB 2015-C Structure⁽¹⁾

- ▶ Sallie Mae Bank is the loan originator, loan servicer, and transaction sponsor
- SMB 2015-C utilizes a sequential structure

<u>Class</u>	Bond Balance	Pct of Total <u>Bond</u> <u>Balance</u>	Ratings <u>(M/S)</u>	<u>Index</u>	Wtd Avg Life to Call (4% CPR) ⁽²⁾	Principal Window to <u>Call</u> (months) ⁽²⁾	Expected Maturity <u>to</u> <u>Call⁽²⁾</u>
A-1	\$199,000,000	28.39%	Aaa/AAA	Libor	1.23	1-28	3/2018
A-2A	\$207,000,000	29.53%	Aaa/AAA	Swaps	4.97	28-91	6/2023
A-2B	\$100,000,000	14.27%	Aaa/AAA	Libor	4.97	28-91	6/2023
A-3	\$75,000,000	10.70%	Aaa/AAA	Libor	8.20	91-105	8/2024
В	\$70,000,000	9.99%	Aa3/A	Swaps	9.52	105-124	3/2026
С	\$50,000,000	7.13%	A3/NR	Swaps	10.53	124-126	5/2026
Residual							
Total	\$701,000,000	100.00%			5.10		

► Credit enhancement⁽³⁾ to the Class A and Class B Notes:

Initial: 13.6%Target: 30.0%

- Turbo: 100% until target credit enhancement is reached

▶ Reserve: 0.25% of Initial Pool Balance, non-declining

Initial Pool Balance: 753,781,630

▶ Pricing speed: 4% CPR

Servicing Fee: 0.80% per annum

Call Features: 10% pool balance clean-up call

ERISA Eligibility: All rated notes will be ERISA eligible

Risk Retention: None

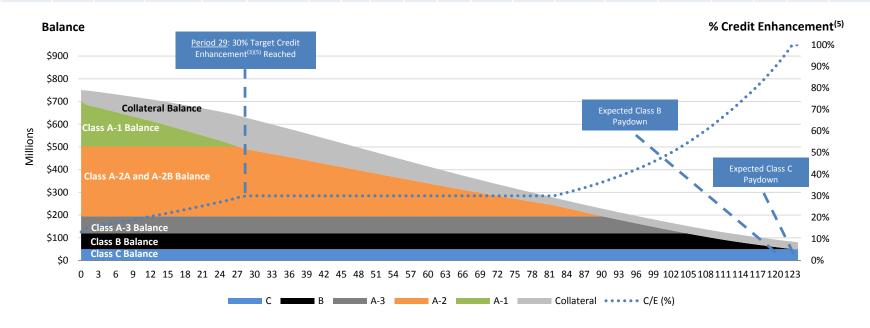
⁽¹⁾ Estimated based on 2015-C collateral characteristics and current market pricing. Subject to change.

⁽²⁾ Estimated based on a variety of assumptions concerning loan repayment behavior. Actual average life and repayment characteristics may vary significantly from estimates.

⁽³⁾ Does not include the Reserve balance.

SMB 2015-C Structure

Deal	I Credit Enhancement ^(2,4)				Reserve		WAL to	Call ⁽¹⁾ (4% CPR)		Principal Window to Call ⁽¹⁾					Projected Class A Credit Enhancement ⁽³⁾		
	Class A	Class B	Target ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	Floor ⁽⁵⁾	Non- declining	A1	A2	А3	В	С	A1	A2	A3	В	С	12 mo	24 mo	36 mo	60 mo
SMB 2015-C	23%	14%	30%	11%	0.25%	1.23	4.97	8.20	9.52	10.53	1-28	28-91	91-105	105-124	124-126	31%	38%	42%	47%



- (1) Structure is run at 4% CPR; SMB 2015-C structure priced to 10% clean up call.
- (2) As a percentage of the initial pool balance.
- (3) As a percentage of the current pool balance. <u>Target Credit Enhancement</u> is reached on the first distribution date on which the pool balance minus the outstanding aggregate principal balance of class A and class B notes equals to 30% of the pool balance.
- (4) Consists of Overcollateralization, Reserve and Subordination.
- (5) Does not include the Reserve balance.

SMB 2015-C Collateral Detail by Loan Type

	0 10 1	0 10 1	0 10 5	
	Smart Option	Smart Option	Smart Option	TOTAL
Outstanding Principal Palance	Interest Only	Fixed Pay	Deferred	#700 FFF 400
Outstanding Principal Balance	\$149,950,824	\$224,381,746	\$326,222,912	\$700,555,482
Accrued Interest to be Capitalized	\$23,805	\$16,223,804	\$36,978,538	\$53,226,148
Aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance	\$149,974,630	\$240,605,550	\$363,201,450	\$753,781,630
Percentage of Total Pool Balance	19.9%	31.9%	48.2%	100.0%
Number of Loans	15,116	17,617	32,761	65,494
Average Outstanding Principal Balance per Loan	\$9,922	\$13,658	\$11,086	\$11,509
Number of Borrowers ⁽¹⁾	12,511	13,948	22,412	45,614
Average Borrower Indebtedness	\$11,987	\$17,250	\$16,206	\$16,525
Weighted Average Remaining Term (months)	95	132	137	127
Weighted Average Months to P&I Repayment ⁽³⁾	20	19	19	19
Weighted Average Seasoning (months) ⁽⁴⁾	12	13	12	12
Weighted Average Original FICO Combined (2)	754	748	744	747
Weighted Average Original FICO Borrower	724	714	709	714
Weighted Average Original FICO Loans with Co-signer (2)	757	750	747	750
Weighted Average Recent FICO Combined (2)	756	748	742	747
Weighted Average Recent FICO Borrower	718	702	694	701
Weighted Average Recent FICO Loans with Co-signer (2)	760	751	746	750
% without Co-signer	8.3%	6.6%	8.0%	7.6%
% with Co-signer	91.7%	93.4%	92.0%	92.4%
In School	51.6%	48.1%	52.7%	51.0%
Grace	16.3%	17.5%	19.3%	18.1%
Deferment	3.4%	4.4%	4.7%	4.3%
Forbearance	1.3%	2.5%	2.9%	2.5%
P&I Repayment ⁽³⁾	27.5%	27.6%	20.5%	24.1%
Not For Profit	86.9%	86.7%	86.7%	86.7%
4 Year Institution	94.3%	95.1%	95.8%	95.3%
2010 Origination Vintage	1.2%	2.7%	0.0%	1.1%
2011 Origination Vintage	9.8%	15.2%	17.1%	15.0%
2012 Origination Vintage	19.4%	24.3%	26.3%	24.3%
2013 Origination Vintage	47.2%	38.3%	24.2%	33.2%
Data as of 2015-C Pool Statistical Cut-off Date	270	23.070	2270	23.270

- Smart Option Interest Only and Fixed Pay loans require interest only payments or \$25 fixed payments, respectively, while loans are in school, grace or deferment status
 - ▶ 36.5% of Smart Option loans in the 2015-C pool are making interest only payments or \$25 fixed payments
 - ➤ 24.1% of Smart Option loans in the pool are making both principal and interest payments
 - ▶ 36.9% of the Smart Option loans in the pool are not making payments during school, grace or deferment
- ▶ 60.6% of the Smart Option loans in the 2015-C collateral pool are making either interest only, \$25 fixed payments, or principal and interest payments

Data as of 2015-C Pool Statistical Cut-off Date

- (1) Borrowers may have loans in multiple programs; as such, the number of borrowers at the program level sums to an amount greater than the true pool total.
- (2) If there is a co-signer, FICO score represents higher of borrower and co-signer score.
- (3) Smart Option loans considered in 'P&I Repayment' only if borrowers are subject to full principal and interest payments on the loan.
- (4) Includes \$25 fixed and interest only payments made while borrowers were in interim statuses.

Sallie Mae Bank Servicing Policies

Policy	Pre-Spin, Legacy SLM Serviced	Post-Spin, Sallie Mae Bank Serviced ⁽¹⁾
Delinquencies	All loans serviced by an affiliate of legacy SLM; loan owned by Sallie Mae Bank sold to legacy SLM after becoming 90+ days past due	Sallie Mae Bank collects delinquent loans thru charge-off, placing emphasis on returning loans to current status during early delinquency
Charge-offs	Loans serviced by legacy SLM charge off at 212+ days past due	Loans serviced by Sallie Mae Bank charge off at 120+ days past due
Recoveries	Post-charge off collections managed by legacy SLM; recoveries realized over 10+ years	Charged-off loans sold soon after charge-off; recoveries realized immediately ⁽¹⁾
Forbearance	Granted for 3 mo. intervals with a 12 month maximum, with fee	Granted for 3 mo. intervals with a 12 month maximum, no fee

Sallie Mae Bank Forbearance Policy -

- First choice is always to collect a payment from the borrower or co-signer
- If payment is not possible, forbearance temporarily provides borrowers limited time to improve their ability to repay during temporary economic hardship
- The vast majority of loans do not use forbearance; those that do, remain in forbearance for less than 12 months

⁽¹⁾ Sallie Mae Bank intends to add third party collection agency management, account placement and other functionality necessary to manage charged-off loan collections internally. In the future, Sallie Mae expects to have the option of selling or internally managing collections of charged-off loans, and to utilize one or both of those strategies at any time based on market conditions.

Sallie Mae Bank Collections

Each customer is approached individually, and the account manager is educated and empowered to identify optimal resolution

Co-borrowers are contacted and collected with similar efforts as the primary borrower

Sallie Mae Bank employs a front-loaded, stage based collections approach:

- <u>Early Stage Loan Collections</u> (1 29 days delinquent as of the first of the month)
 - Calling activity begins as early as 1 cycle day behind (5 days past their due date in most instances)
 - Dialer based calling and automated messaging are leveraged for early delinquency
 - E-mail and letter campaigns complement calling efforts
- Mid-Stage Loan Collections (30 59 days delinquent as of the first of the month)
 - Continue early stage activities
 - Account is assigned to a collector's queue based on the delinquency and the type of loan. Collection campaign includes telephone attempts and manual & batch skip tracing
- <u>Late Stage Loan Collections</u> (60+ days delinquent as of the first of the month)
 - Continue both early and mid-stage activities
 - Tenured route management collectors and customized letter campaigns

Cash collection is the primary focus, but a variety of tools are also available to collectors to aid in resolving delinquency:

- Auto pay Monthly payment made automatically, prior delinquency cleared with forbearance
- Three Pay After three scheduled monthly payments are made, prior delinquency cleared with forbearance
- Rate Reduction Reduce rate for monthly payment relief, enrolled after three qualifying payments
- Rate Reduction with Term Extension Reduced rate and extended term
- Additional programs are available when all other methods are not adequate

Bankruptcy Collections Policy – Collection activity stops if both parties on the loan file bankruptcy (borrower and cosigner) or on a noncosigned loan; otherwise, collections can continue on the non-filing party

Sallie Mae Bank Smart Option Private Education Loans

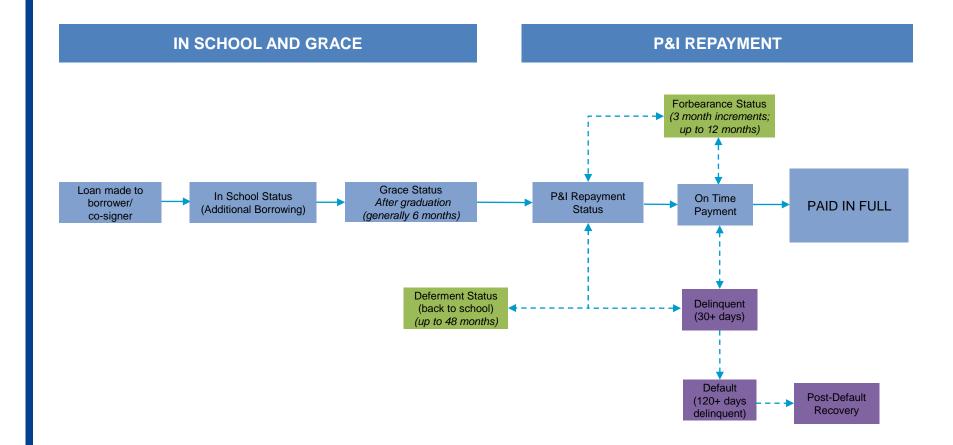
FFELP vs. Sallie Mae Bank Smart Option Private Education Loan Comparison

	FFELP Stafford Loans	Sallie Mae Bank Smart Option Private Education Loans ⁽¹⁾
Borrower	Student	Student or Parent
Co-signer	None	Typically a parent
Lender	Eligible banks and private lenders under FFELP	Banks and other private sector lenders
Guarantee	97-100% of principal and interest by the U.S. Department of Education	Not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or any other entity
Interest Subsidy/Special Allowance Payments	Paid by the U.S. Department of Education	Not Applicable
Underwriting	Borrower must have no outstanding student loan defaults or bankruptcy	Consumer credit underwriting, with minimum FICO, custom credit score model, and judgmental underwriting
Pricing	Fixed or floating rate depending on origination year and loan program	Risk-based, variable rate indexed to LIBOR or fixed rate
Maximum Amount per Year	\$5,500-\$7,500 for dependent student, based on year in school	Up to the full cost of education, less grants and federal loans
Repayment Term	10 years, with repayment deferred until after graduation	5 to 15 years, may pay interest or a \$25 fixed payment while in school, or may be deferred until after graduation
Collections	Based on prescribed U.S. Dept of Education regulations	Typical consumer loan collections activities, managed independent of FFELP
Deferment	Permitted for a variety of reasons, including economic hardship	Granted to students who return to school, or are involved in active military service
Forbearance	Permitted for a variety of reasons, including economic hardship	Typically granted for economic hardship, up to a maximum of 12 months
Dischargeable in Bankruptcy	No	No ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Pertains to the Sallie Mae Smart Option loan product.

²⁾ Private education loans are typically non-dischargeable in bankruptcy, unless a borrower can prove that repayment of the loan would impose an "undue hardship".

Private Education Loan Lifecycle for Deferred Loans



Note: Interest capitalization occurs after Grace, Deferment, and Forbearance periods

APPENDIX

"Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation

	Quarter	s Ended	Years Ended				
	Decem	ber 31,	Decem	ber 31,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014			
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)							
"Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:							
GAAP net income attributable to SLM							
Corporation	\$ 89,845	\$ 19,717	\$ 274,284	\$ 194,219			
Preferred stock dividends	4,989	4,855	19,595	12,933			
GAAP net income attributable to SLM Corporation							
common stock	\$ 84,856	\$ 14,862	\$ 254,689	\$ 181,286			
Adjustments:							
Net impact of derivative accounting (1)	(348)	62	(1,849)	1,746			
Net tax effect ⁽²⁾	(124)	24	(711)	659			
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP	(224)	38	(1,138)	1,087			
"Core Earnings" attributable to SLM Corporation common							
stock	\$ 84,632	\$ 14,900	\$ 253,551	\$ 182,373			
GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.42			
Derivative adjustments, net of tax							
"Core Earnings" diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.42			

⁽¹⁾ Derivative Accounting: "Core Earnings" exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the mark-to-market valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, as well as the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP. Under GAAP, for our derivatives held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0.

^{(2) &}quot;Core Earnings" tax rate is based on the effective tax rate at the Bank where the derivative instruments are held.