

## **NEWS RELEASE**

#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

#### SALLIE MAE REPORTS THIRD-QUARTER 2016 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Private Education Loan Originations Increase 7 Percent From Year-Ago Quarter to \$1.8 Billion

Private Education Loan Portfolio Grows 27 Percent From Year-Ago Quarter to \$13.7 Billion

Net Interest Income Increases 27 Percent From Year-Ago Quarter to \$223 Million

Diluted Earnings Per Share Up 33 Percent From Year-Ago Quarter to \$0.12

**NEWARK, Del., Oct. 19, 2016** — Sallie Mae (NASDAQ: SLM), formally SLM Corporation, today released third-quarter 2016 financial results that include marked growth in originations, portfolio size, net interest income, and diluted earnings per share. In the third-quarter 2016, the company's private education loan originations increased 7 percent to \$1.8 billion, private education loan portfolio grew 27 percent to \$13.7 billion, and net interest income increased 27 percent to \$223 million, as compared to the year-ago quarter. The company earned \$0.12 per diluted share in the quarter, up 33 percent from the same period last year.

"We continue to do what we do best, which is to help students and families make college happen, and we're doing it better than ever, with all indicators moving in the right direction," said Raymond J. Quinlan, chairman and CEO. "Our investments in people and platforms have improved not only customer satisfaction, but also operating efficiency. Among this quarter's many positives, I am partial to our consistent credit metrics because, ultimately, credit quality illustrates our customers' success and their ability to effectively manage their finances."

For the third-quarter 2016, GAAP net income was \$57 million, compared with \$46 million in the year-ago quarter. GAAP net income attributable to the company's common stock was \$52 million (\$0.12 diluted earnings per share) in the third-quarter 2016, compared with \$41 million (\$0.09 diluted earnings per share) in the year-ago quarter. The year-over-year increase was primarily attributable to a \$48-million increase in net interest income and a \$13-million increase in total non-interest income, which were offset by a \$14-million increase in provisions for credit losses, a \$6-million increase in total non-interest expenses, and a \$29-million increase in income tax expense.

Third-quarter 2016 results vs. third-quarter 2015 included:

- Private education loan originations of \$1.8 billion, up 7 percent.
- Net interest income of \$223 million, up 27 percent.
- Net interest margin of 5.58 percent, up 22 basis points.
- Average private education loans outstanding of \$12.9 billion, up 30 percent.
- Average yield on the private education loan portfolio of 8.00 percent, up 13 basis points.
- Private education loan provision for loan losses of \$41 million, up from \$27 million.
- Loans in forbearance were 3.04 percent of private education loans in repayment and forbearance, down from 3.09 percent.
- Delinquencies as a percentage of private education loans in repayment were 2.04 percent, up from 1.91 percent.

Core earnings for the third-quarter 2016 were \$56 million, compared with \$47 million in the year-ago quarter. Core earnings attributable to the company's common stock were \$51 million (\$0.12 diluted earnings per share) in the third-quarter 2016, compared with \$42 million (\$0.10 diluted earnings per share) in the year-ago quarter. Third-quarter 2016 GAAP results included \$1 million of pre-tax gains from derivative accounting treatment that are excluded from core earnings results, vs. pre-tax losses of \$1 million in the year-ago period.

Sallie Mae provides core earnings because it is one of several measures used to evaluate management performance and allocate corporate resources. The difference between core earnings and GAAP net income is driven by mark-to-market unrealized gains

and losses on derivative contracts recognized in GAAP, but not in core earnings, results. Management believes its derivatives are effective economic hedges, and, as such, they are a critical element of the company's interest rate risk management strategy.

### **Total Non-Interest Expenses**

Total non-interest expenses were \$100 million in the third-quarter 2016, compared with \$94 million in the year-ago quarter (which included \$1 million of reorganization expenses). Operating expenses grew 7 percent from the year-ago quarter while the non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio decreased to 40.6 percent in the third-quarter 2016, from 50.3 percent in the year-ago quarter, primarily due to the continued leveraging of our fixed infrastructure as our portfolio grows, combined with operational efficiencies that we are realizing as a result of investments made in 2015.

### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax increased to \$47 million in the third-quarter 2016 from \$18 million in the year-ago quarter. The effective income tax rate increased in the third-quarter 2016 to 45.5 percent from 28.2 percent in the year-ago quarter. The prior-year quarter included a benefit resulting from a release of reserves for uncertain tax positions related to a favorable state tax ruling. The effective tax rate in the current quarter was higher because of an additional \$9 million recorded related to uncertain tax positions and due to an increase in state taxes. The uncertain tax positions contributing to the increase in our effective tax rate had no impact on earnings per share, as we recorded the matching offset in other income. Managing our uncertain tax positions will add volatility to our reported effective tax rate, but should not impact our expected cash tax liability.

#### Capital

The regulatory capital ratios of the company's Sallie Mae Bank subsidiary continue to exceed guidelines for institutions considered "well capitalized." At Sept. 30, 2016, Sallie Mae Bank's regulatory capital ratios were as follows:

		"Well Capitalized"
	Sept. 30, 2016	Regulatory Requirements
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to Risk-Weighted Assets)	12.4 percent	6.5 percent
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk-Weighted Assets)	12.4 percent	8.0 percent
Total Capital (to Risk-Weighted Assets)	13.4 percent	10.0 percent
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets)	11.6 percent	5.0 percent

### **Deposits**

Deposits at the company totaled \$12.9 billion (\$7.8 billion in brokered deposits and \$5.1 billion in retail and other deposits) at Sept. 30, 2016, compared with \$10.6 billion (\$6.7 billion in brokered deposits and \$3.9 billion in retail and other deposits) at Sept. 30, 2015.

#### Guidance

The company expects 2016 results to be as follows:

- Full-year diluted core earnings per share of \$0.52.
- Full-year private education loan originations of \$4.6 billion.
- Full-year non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio improvement to exceed 10 percent.

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Sallie Mae will host an earnings conference call tomorrow, Oct. 20, 2016, at 8 a.m. EDT. Sallie Mae executives will be on hand to discuss various highlights of the quarter and to answer questions related to Sallie Mae's performance. Individuals interested in participating in the call should dial 877-356-5689 (USA and Canada) or 706-679-0623 (international) and use access code 86005610 starting at 7:45 a.m. EDT. A live audio webcast of the conference call may be accessed at <a href="https://www.SallieMae.com/investors">www.SallieMae.com/investors</a>. A replay of the conference call will be available approximately two hours after the call's conclusion and will remain available through Nov. 3, 2016, by dialing 855-859-2056 (USA and Canada) or 404-537-3406 (international) with access code 86005610.

Presentation slides for the conference call may be accessed at www.SallieMae.com/investors under the webcasts tab.

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" and information based on management's current expectations as of the date of this release. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the company's beliefs, opinions or expectations and statements that assume or are dependent upon future events, are forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the risks and uncertainties set forth in Item 1A "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended Dec. 31, 2015 (filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on Feb. 26, 2016) and subsequent filings with the SEC; increases in financing costs; limits on liquidity; increases in costs associated with compliance with laws and regulations; changes in accounting standards and the impact of related changes in significant accounting estimates; any adverse outcomes in any significant litigation to which the company is a party; credit risk associated with the company's exposure to third parties, including counterparties to the company's derivative transactions; and changes in the terms of education loans and the educational credit marketplace (including changes resulting from new laws and the implementation of existing laws). The company could also be affected by, among other things: changes in its funding costs and availability; reductions to its credit ratings; failures or breaches of its operating systems or infrastructure, including those of third-party vendors; damage to its reputation; failures to successfully implement cost-cutting and restructuring initiatives and adverse effects of such initiatives on the company's business; risks associated with restructuring initiatives; changes in the demand for educational financing or in financing preferences of lenders, educational institutions, students and their families; changes in law and regulations with respect to the student lending business and financial institutions generally; changes in banking rules and regulations, including increased capital requirements; increased competition from banks and other consumer lenders; the creditworthiness of its customers; changes in the general interest rate environment, including the rate relationships among relevant money-market instruments and those of its earning assets versus its funding arrangements; rates of prepayments on the loans made by the company and its subsidiaries; changes in general economic conditions and the company's ability to successfully effectuate any acquisitions; and other strategic initiatives. The preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements also requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions, including estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates or assumptions may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements contained in this release are qualified by these cautionary statements and are made only as of the date of this release. The company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements to conform such statements to actual results or changes in its expectations.

The company reports financial results on a GAAP basis and also provides certain "Core Earnings" performance measures. The difference between the company's "Core Earnings" and GAAP results for the periods presented were the unrealized, mark-to-market gains/losses on derivative contracts (excluding current period accruals on the derivative instruments), net of tax. These are recognized in GAAP, but not in "Core Earnings" results. The company provides "Core Earnings" measures because this is what management uses when making management decisions regarding the company's performance and the allocation of corporate resources. The company's "Core Earnings" are not defined terms within GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

For additional information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — GAAP Consolidated Earnings Summary -'Core Earnings'" in the company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 2016 for a further discussion and the "Core Earnings' to GAAP Reconciliation" table in this press release for a complete reconciliation between GAAP net income and "Core Earnings."

The company reports a non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio. A GAAP-based operating efficiency ratio would compare total non-interest expenses to net revenue (which consists of net interest income, before provisions for credit losses, plus non-interest income). Our operating efficiency ratio is a non-GAAP measure because we adjust (a) the non-interest expense numerator by deducting restructuring and other reorganization expenses, and (b) the net revenue denominator by deducting gains on sales of loans, net. We believe doing so provides useful information to investors because it is a measure used by our management team to monitor our effectiveness in managing operating expenses. Other companies may use similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures that are calculated differently from the way we calculate our ratio. Accordingly, our non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

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Sallie Mae (NASDAQ: SLM) is the nation's saving, planning, and paying for college company. Whether college is a long way off or just around the corner, Sallie Mae offers products that promote responsible personal finance, including private education loans, Upromise rewards, scholarship search, college financial planning tools, and online retail banking. Learn more at <a href="SallieMae.com">SallieMae.com</a>. Commonly known as Sallie Mae, SLM Corporation and its subsidiaries are not sponsored by or agencies of the United States of America.

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# Selected Financial Information and Ratios (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Montl Septemb			
(In thousands, except per share data and percentages)	_	2016		2015		2016		2015	
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	51,649	\$	40,811	\$	164,387	\$	169,833	
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	0.12	\$	0.09	\$	0.38	\$	0.39	
Weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings per share		433,523		432,547		432,079		432,531	
Return on assets		1.4%		1.3%		1.5%		1.9%	
Non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio <sup>(1)</sup>		40.6%		50.3%		40.8%		48.3%	
Other Operating Statistics									
Ending Private Education Loans, net	\$	13,725,959	\$	10,766,511	\$	13,725,959	\$ 1	0,766,511	
Ending FFELP Loans, net		1,034,545		1,142,637		1,034,545		1,142,637	
Ending total education loans, net	\$	14,760,504	\$	11,909,148	\$	14,760,504	\$ 1	1,909,148	
Average education loans	\$	13,931,693	\$	11,030,313	\$	13,384,326	\$ 1	0,759,781	

<sup>(1)</sup> A GAAP-based operating efficiency ratio would compare total non-interest expenses to net revenue (which consists of net interest income, before provisions for credit losses, plus non-interest income). Our operating efficiency ratio is a non-GAAP measure because we adjust (a) the non-interest expense numerator by deducting restructuring and other reorganization expenses, and (b) the net revenue denominator by deducting gains on sales of loans, net. We believe doing so provides useful information to investors because it is a measure used by our management team to monitor our effectiveness in managing operating expenses. Other companies may use similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures that are calculated differently from the way we calculate our ratio. Accordingly, our non-GAAP operating efficiency ratio may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

# **SLM CORPORATION**

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Se	ptember 30, 2016	D	December 31, 2015		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,454,938	\$	2,416,219		
Available-for-sale investments at fair value (cost of \$209,464 and \$196,402, respectively)		213,176		195,391		
Loans held for investment (net of allowance for losses of \$164,839 and \$112,507, respectively)		14,760,504		11,630,591		
Restricted cash and investments		38,256		27,980		
Other interest-earning assets		47,283		54,845		
Accrued interest receivable		805,647		564,496		
Premises and equipment, net		86,721		81,273		
Tax indemnification receivable		276,543		186,076		
Other assets		62,545		57,227		
Total assets	\$	17,745,613	\$	15,214,098		
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$	12,941,345	\$	11,487,707		
Short-term borrowings	Ψ	350,000	Ψ	500,175		
Long-term borrowings		1,577,689		579,101		
Income taxes payable, net		199,813		166,662		
Upromise related liabilities		259,290		275,384		
Other liabilities		157,980		108,746		
Total liabilities	_	15,486,117	_	13,117,775		
Commitments and contingencies						
Equity						
Preferred stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 20 million shares authorized						
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Series A: 3.3 million and 3.3 million shares issued, respectively, at stated value of \$50 per share		165,000		165,000		
Series B: 4 million and 4 million shares issued, respectively, at stated value of \$100 per share		400,000		400,000		
Common stock, par value \$0.20 per share, 1.125 billion shares authorized: 434.4 million and 430.7 million shares issued, respectively		86,881		86,136		
Additional paid-in capital		1,157,248		1,135,860		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (net of tax benefit of \$17,253 and \$9,949, respectively)		(27,813)		(16,059)		
Retained earnings		530,594		366,609		
Total SLM Corporation stockholders' equity before treasury stock		2,311,910		2,137,546		
Less: Common stock held in treasury at cost: 6.1 million and 4.4 million shares, respectively		(52,414)		(41,223)		
Total equity		2,259,496		2,096,323		
	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>			
Total liabilities and equity	\$	17,745,613	\$	15,214,098		

# **SLM CORPORATION**

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Mon Septen			
		2016 2015				2016		2015	
Interest income:									
Loans	\$	268,341	\$	205,274	\$	765,246	\$	598,417	
Investments		2,193		2,640		7,155		7,746	
Cash and cash equivalents		2,003		987		4,832		2,568	
Total interest income		272,537		208,901		777,233		608,731	
Interest expense:									
Deposits		38,210		29,110		107,633		86,961	
Interest expense on short-term borrowings		1,604		1,951		5,827		4,719	
Interest expense on long-term borrowings		9,448		2,398		17,869		2,398	
Total interest expense		49,262		33,459		131,329		94,078	
Net interest income		223,275		175,442		645,904		514,653	
Less: provisions for credit losses		41,784		27,497		116,179		59,673	
Net interest income after provisions for credit losses		181,491		147,945		529,725		454,980	
Non-interest income:			_		_		_		
Gains on sales of loans, net		_		_		_		76,874	
Gains (losses) on derivatives and hedging activities, net		1,368		(547)		3,156		4,347	
Other income		21,598		10,455		56,309		29,374	
Total non-interest income		22,966		9,908		59,465		110,595	
Non-interest expenses:									
Compensation and benefits		43,380		39,304		138,659		119,079	
FDIC assessment fees		5,095		3,801		13,548		10,230	
Other operating expenses		51,234		49,759		135,164		134,541	
Total operating expenses		99,709		92,864		287,371		263,850	
Acquired intangible asset impairment and amortization expense		226		370		747		1,110	
Restructuring and other reorganization expenses				910				6,311	
Total non-interest expenses		99,935		94,144		288,118		271,271	
Income before income tax expense		104,522		63,709		301,072		294,304	
Income tax expense		47,557		17,985		120,987		109,865	
Net income		56,965		45,724		180,085		184,439	
Preferred stock dividends		5,316		4,913		15,698		14,606	
Net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	51,649	\$	40,811	\$	164,387	\$	169,833	
Basic earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	0.12	\$	0.10	\$	0.38	\$	0.40	
Average common shares outstanding		428,077		426,019		427,711		425,384	
Diluted earnings per common share attributable to SLM Corporation	\$	0.12	\$	0.09	\$	0.38	\$	0.39	
Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	_	433,523		432,547	_	432,079		432,531	

# "Core Earnings" to GAAP Reconciliation

The following table reflects adjustments associated with our derivative activities.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,					
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	xcept per share amounts) 2016			2015		2016		2015		
"Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP:										
GAAP net income	\$	56,965	\$	45,724	\$	180,085	\$	184,439		
Preferred stock dividends		5,316		4,913		15,698		14,606		
GAAP net income attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	51,649	\$	40,811	\$	164,387	\$	169,833		
Adjustments:										
Net impact of derivative accounting <sup>(1)</sup>		(831)		1,400		(1,259)		(1,501)		
Net tax effect <sup>(2)</sup>		(320)		529		(483)		(587)		
Total "Core Earnings" adjustments to GAAP		(511)		871		(776)		(914)		
"Core Earnings" attributable to SLM Corporation common stock	\$	51,138	\$	41,682	\$	163,611	\$	168,919		
GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.12	\$	0.09	\$	0.38	\$	0.39		
Derivative adjustments, net of tax		_		0.01				_		
"Core Earnings" diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.12	\$	0.10	\$	0.38	\$	0.39		

<sup>(1)</sup> Derivative Accounting: "Core Earnings" exclude periodic unrealized gains and losses caused by the mark-to-market valuations on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under GAAP, as well as the periodic unrealized gains and losses that are a result of ineffectiveness recognized related to effective hedges under GAAP. Under GAAP, for our derivatives held to maturity, the cumulative net unrealized gain or loss over the life of the contract will equal \$0.

<sup>(2) &</sup>quot;Core Earnings" tax rate is based on the effective tax rate at the Bank where the derivative instruments are held.